House of Representatives



General Assembly

File No. 298

January Session, 2013

Substitute House Bill No. 6472

House of Representatives, April 2, 2013

The Committee on Energy and Technology reported through REP. REED of the 102nd Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING THE COMMERCIAL PROPERTY ASSESSED CLEAN ENERGY PROGRAM.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 16a-40g of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3 (a) As used in this section:
- 4 (1) "Energy improvements" means (A) participation in a district
- 5 heating and cooling system by qualifying commercial real property,
- 6 (B) any renovation or retrofitting of qualifying commercial real
- 7 property to reduce energy consumption, or (C) installation of a
- 8 renewable energy system to service qualifying commercial real
- 9 property, provided such renovation, retrofit or installation, described
- 10 <u>in subparagraph (B) or (C) of this subdivision,</u> is permanently fixed to
- 11 such qualifying commercial real property;
- 12 (2) "Qualifying commercial real property" means any commercial or

industrial property, regardless of ownership, that meets the qualifications established for the commercial sustainable energy program;

- 16 (3) "Commercial or industrial property" means any real property
 17 other than a residential dwelling containing less than five dwelling
 18 units;
 - (4) ["Benefitted] <u>"Benefited</u> property owner" means an owner of qualifying commercial real property who desires to install energy improvements and provides free and willing consent to the benefit assessment against the qualifying commercial real property;
- (5) "Commercial sustainable energy program" means a program that facilitates energy improvements and utilizes the benefit assessments authorized by this section as security for the financing of the energy improvements;
- 27 (6) "Municipality" means a municipality, as defined in section 7-369;
- 28 (7) "Benefit assessment" means the assessment authorized by this section;
 - (8) "Participating municipality" means a municipality that has entered into a written agreement, as approved by its legislative body, with the authority pursuant to which the municipality has agreed to assess, collect, remit and assign, benefit assessments to the authority in return for energy improvements for benefited property owners within such municipality and costs reasonably incurred in performing such duties; and
- 37 (9) "Authority" means the Clean Energy Finance and Investment 38 Authority.
- (b) (1) The authority shall establish a commercial sustainable energy program in the state, and in furtherance thereof, is authorized to make appropriations for and issue bonds, notes or other obligations for the purpose of financing, (A) energy improvements; (B) related energy

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audits; (C) renewable energy system feasibility studies; and (D) verification reports of the installation and effectiveness of such improvements. The bonds, notes or other obligations shall be issued in accordance with legislation authorizing the authority to issue bonds, notes or other obligations generally. Such bonds, notes or other obligations may be secured as to both principal and interest by a pledge of revenues to be derived from the commercial sustainable energy program, including revenues from benefit assessments on qualifying commercial real property, as authorized in this section.

- (2) When the authority has made appropriations for energy improvements for qualifying commercial real property or other costs of the commercial sustainable energy program, including interest costs and other costs related to the issuance of bonds, notes or other obligations to finance the appropriation, the authority may require the participating municipality in which the qualifying commercial real property is located to levy a benefit assessment against the qualifying commercial real property especially benefited thereby.
- (3) The authority (A) shall develop program guidelines governing the terms and conditions under which state financing may be made available to the commercial sustainable energy program, including, in consultation with representatives from the banking industry, municipalities and property owners, developing the parameters for consent by existing mortgage holders and may serve as an aggregating entity for the purpose of securing state or private third-party financing for energy improvements pursuant to this section, (B) shall establish the position of commercial sustainable energy program liaison within the authority, (C) shall establish a loan loss reserve or other credit enhancement program for qualifying commercial real property, (D) may use the services of one or more private, public or quasi-public third-party administrators to administer, provide support or obtain financing for the commercial sustainable energy program, and (E) shall adopt standards to ensure that the energy cost savings of the energy improvements over the useful life of such improvements exceed the costs of such improvements.

(c) Before establishing a commercial sustainable energy program under this section, the authority shall provide notice to the electric distribution company, as defined in section 16-1, that services the participating municipality.

- (d) If a [benefitted] <u>benefited</u> property owner requests financing from the authority for energy improvements under this section, the authority shall:
 - (1) Require performance of an energy audit or renewable energy system feasibility analysis on the qualifying commercial real property that assesses the expected energy cost savings of the energy improvements over the useful life of such improvements before approving such financing;
- (2) If financing is approved, require the participating municipality to levy a benefit assessment on the qualifying commercial real property with the property owner in a principal amount sufficient to pay the costs of the energy improvements and any associated costs the authority determines will benefit the qualifying commercial real property;
 - (3) Impose requirements and criteria to ensure that the proposed energy improvements are consistent with the purpose of the commercial sustainable energy program;
- 98 (4) Impose requirements and conditions on the financing to ensure 99 timely repayment, including, but not limited to, procedures for placing 100 a lien on a property as security for the repayment of the benefit 101 assessment; and
 - (5) Require that the property owner provide written notice, not less than thirty days prior to the recording of any lien securing a benefit assessment for energy improvements for such property, to any existing mortgage holder of such property, of the property owner's intent to finance such energy improvements pursuant to this section.
- (e) (1) The authority may enter into a financing agreement with the

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property owner of qualifying commercial real property. After such agreement is entered into, and upon notice from the authority, the participating municipality shall place a caveat on the land records indicating that a benefit assessment and lien is anticipated upon completion of energy improvements for such property.

- (2) The authority shall disclose to the property owner the costs and risks associated with participating in the commercial sustainable energy program established by this section, including risks related to the failure of the property owner to pay the benefit assessment. The authority shall disclose to the property owner the effective interest rate of the benefit assessment, including fees charged by the authority to administer the program, and the risks associated with variable interest rate financing. The authority shall notify the property owner that such owner may rescind any financing agreement entered into pursuant to this section not later than three business days after such agreement.
- (f) The authority shall set a fixed or variable rate of interest for the repayment of the benefit assessment amount at the time the benefit assessment is made. Such interest rate, as may be supplemented with state or federal funding as may become available, shall be sufficient to pay the financing and administrative costs of the commercial sustainable energy program, including delinquencies.
- (g) Benefit assessments levied pursuant to this section and the interest, fees and any penalties thereon shall constitute a lien against the qualifying commercial real property on which they are made until they are paid. Such lien shall be levied and collected in the same manner as the property taxes of the participating municipality on real property, including, in the event of default or delinquency, with respect to any penalties, fees and remedies and lien priorities. Each such lien may be continued, recorded and released in the manner provided for property tax liens, subject to the consent of existing mortgage holders, and shall take precedence over all other liens or encumbrances except a lien for taxes of the municipality on real property, which lien for taxes shall have priority over such benefit

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(h) Any participating municipality may assign to the authority any and all liens filed by the tax collector, as provided in the written agreement between the participating municipality and the authority. The authority may sell or assign, for consideration, any and all liens received from the participating municipality. The consideration received by the authority shall be negotiated between the authority and the assignee. The assignee or assignees of such liens shall have and possess the same powers and rights at law or in equity as the authority and the participating municipality and its tax collector would have had if the lien had not been assigned with regard to the precedence and priority of such lien, the accrual of interest and the fees and expenses of collection. The assignee shall have the same rights to enforce such liens as any private party holding a lien on real property, including, but not limited to, foreclosure and a suit on the debt. Costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the assignee as a result of any foreclosure action or other legal proceeding brought pursuant to this section and directly related to the proceeding shall be taxed in any such proceeding against each person having title to any property subject to the proceedings. Such costs and fees may be collected by the assignee at any time after demand for payment has been made by the assignee.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	from passage	16a-40g

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In section 1(a)(1), the new text in the "provided" clause was rephrased for statutory consistency.

ET Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill, which allows district heating and cooling projects to be financed under the commercial property assessed clean energy (C-PACE) program, has no fiscal impact to the state or municipalities as a special assessment would be attached to the property tax of private participating property owners.

The Out Years

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

OLR Bill Analysis HB 6472

AN ACT CONCERNING THE COMMERCIAL PROPERTY ASSESSED CLEAN ENERGY PROGRAM.

SUMMARY:

This bill adds district heating and cooling projects to the types of energy efficiency and renewable energy improvements that may be financed under the commercial property assessed clean energy (C-PACE) program. Under current law, energy efficiency and renewable energy improvements are eligible for the program.

District heating and cooling systems typically include a (1) network of pipes that connect buildings and (2) a central facility used to heat and cool them. The Legislative Office Building and the Capitol are served by such a system.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

BACKGROUND

C-PACE Program

The law requires the Clean Energy Finance and Investment Authority to establish a <u>C-PACE program</u> for qualifying commercial property (including multifamily buildings with five or more units). Under the program, owners of qualified commercial property in participating municipalities may finance energy improvements with the cost repaid by a special assessment on the participant's property tax bill. Municipalities can participate in the program under a written agreement approved by their legislative bodies.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Energy and Technology Committee

Joint Favorable

Yea 24 Nay 0 (03/14/2013)